

DEVELOPMENT OF THE STUDENTS' COMMUNICATION SKILLS

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In this article students can learn how to develop their academic and personal communication, communicating regularly, improve communication skills, try to practice in the lessons, and provide feedback.

Key words: Model Effective Communication, Provide Constructive Feedback, Foster Group Work, Teach Nonverbal Communication, Set Clear Communication Goals.

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Introduction: Developing a student's communication skills is essential for their academic success and personal growth. Here are several strategies to enhance these skills:

1. Encourage Active Listening
 - Teach students to listen attentively by summarizing what others say before responding.
 - Use activities like group discussions where they must reflect on each other's points.
2. Promote Public Speaking
 - Organize presentations or debates on various topics.
 - Provide constructive feedback on their speaking style, clarity, and confidence.
3. Foster Group Work
 - Assign collaborative projects that require teamwork.
 - Encourage students to express their ideas and negotiate roles within the group.
4. Utilize Technology
 - Incorporate platforms like video conferencing for remote discussions.
 - Use discussion boards or forums to practice written communication.
5. Teach Nonverbal Communication
 - Discuss the importance of body language, eye contact, and facial expressions.
 - Engage in role-playing exercises to demonstrate effective nonverbal cues.
6. Enhance Vocabulary and Language Skills
 - Encourage reading diverse materials to expand vocabulary.
 - Introduce word games and writing exercises that promote language use.
7. Provide Constructive Feedback
 - Offer specific feedback on both verbal and written communication.
 - Create a safe environment for students to express their thoughts without fear of judgment.

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THE DEVELOPMENT HISTORY AND MODERN SIGNIFICANCE OF INTERCULTURAL DIALOGUE

8. Encourage Empathy and Understanding

- Teach students to consider different perspectives in conversations.
- Use literature and case studies to discuss emotional intelligence.

9. Set Clear Communication Goals

- Help students identify areas for improvement (e.g., clarity, conciseness).
- Encourage them to set personal goals for their communication skills.

10. Model Effective Communication

- Demonstrate good communication practices in your interactions with students.

- Share your own experiences and challenges related to communication.

By implementing these strategies, educators can significantly improve students' communication skills, preparing them for future academic and professional endeavors. Thinking is a natural process, but left to it, it is often biased, distorted, partial, uninformed or cultivated (Scriven and Paul 2004). To make critical thinking happen these learning objectives, as well as the activities and assessments, must include those tied to the higher levels of Bloom's (1956) taxonomy.

The development of a student's communication skills is a crucial part of their overall growth, impacting both academic success and personal relationships. Here are key strategies to help foster these skills:

1. Active Listening

Teaching students to listen attentively is the foundation of good communication. Activities like peer discussions or listening exercises can help students focus on the speaker, comprehend the message, and respond appropriately.

2. Encouraging Participation

Classroom discussions, debates, and presentations provide opportunities for students to express their thoughts. Open-ended questions stimulate critical thinking and require students to articulate responses clearly.

3. Writing Skills

Clear written communication is vital. Assignments like essays, reports, and creative writing help students organize thoughts coherently. Providing constructive feedback enhances their ability to communicate ideas effectively in writing. Realizing many benefits that can be derived from possessing good communication skills, Krumsee and Baehu (1996) suggested a framework for developing communication skills. Bernstein (1985) developed a negotiation model in which students were confronted with credible but antagonistic arguments. Students will be challenged to deal with tension between two arguments.

Conclusion: By integrating these strategies, teachers can foster an environment where students not only improve their communication skills but also become more confident and effective in their interactions, both academically and socially.

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