

PRACTICAL METHODS IN LEARNING ENGLISH

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Abstract:

Practical methods in English language learning provide learners with hands-on language learning activities and the use of different teaching methods. These methods help to process information, learn to speak and write while learning a language. Practical methods make it possible to understand various topics in language learning and to make its teaching more effective. By learning the language practically, learners will be able to learn information faster and memorize the words they hear.

Key words: Communicative methodology, Dialogues, language learning, Dialogues, Multimedia resources, practical methods, methods.

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Communicative methodology.

Communicative methodology, or communicative reading, focuses on the practical use of language in learning. This methodology is aimed at developing students' practical communicative skills in order to effectively help them learn the language. Communicative methodology allows students to apply, communicate, ask and answer questions in language learning.

This methodology provides students with the opportunity to use the language in a practical way. Students learn by using language in real life, not by reading from textbooks or information. Communicative methodology increases students' motivation in learning the language, develops reason-based communication and prepares the language for practical use.

The main features of this methodology can be:

1. Dialogues: Communicative methodology inspires students to communicate. Students will have the opportunity to use the language in a practical way by interacting with other people. These interactions accelerate students' language learning and develop their communication skills.

2. Roll-play: Communicative methodology uses roll-play or dramatization methods. Students will have the opportunity to use the language in a practical way by impersonating other people and creating dialogues. This method helps to strengthen students' practical use of the language and develops their communication skills.

3. Task-based learning: Communicative methodology, based on the principles of task-based learning. Students are given tasks and they learn the language by solving these tasks. These tasks inspire students to use the language in a practical way and develop their communication skills.

4. Dialogues: Communicative methodology focuses on language learning through dialogues. Students will have opportunities to use the language in a practical way by creating

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dialogues with other people, asking and answering questions. These dialogues help to strengthen students' practical use of the language and develop their communication skills.

Communicative methodology focuses on the practical use of language and is an important method to help students learn the language effectively. This methodology is distinguished by the development of students' communicative abilities and their preparation for practical use of the language.

Immersion method.

Immersion methodology is a practical method of language learning based on placing students in a fully modern environment. This methodology allows students to use language-appropriate environments to learn the language, and to enhance spiritual and cultural experiences. The immersion method accelerates students' language learning and develops their communication skills.

The immersion method inspires students to use the language in a practical way. Learners get the opportunity to use the language in a practical way by interacting with other people in a language learning environment. This method accelerates students' language learning and develops their communication skills.

Immersion methodology provides an opportunity for practical use in language learning. Students learn by using language in real life, not by reading from textbooks or information. This methodology prepares students to use the language in practice and develops their communicative skills.

The main features of the immersion method can be:

1. A fully modern environment for the language: Immersion methodology inspires students to place themselves in a fully modern environment for language learning. Students interact with other individuals in the environment to find opportunities to use the language in a practical way. This environment helps students learn the language quickly and efficiently.

2. Spiritual and cultural experiences: Immersion methodology inspires students to increase spiritual and cultural experiences. Students can develop spiritual and cultural experiences through the practical use of language. These experiences accelerate students' language learning and develop their communication skills.

3. Practicality: Immersion methodology is based on the principles of practicality. Students learn the language through practical use of the language. This method helps to strengthen students' practical use of the language and develops their communication skills.

4. Conversations: Immersion methodology inspires students to communicate. Students will have the opportunity to use the language in a practical way by interacting with other people. These interactions accelerate students' language learning and develop their communication skills.

Immersion methodology focuses on the practical use of the language and is an important method to help students learn the language effectively. This methodology is distinguished by the development of students' communicative abilities and their preparation for practical use of the language.

Task-based learning.

Task-based learning methods allow students to develop language learning and practice through hands-on activities. This method leads students to actively use and learn the language, develops and acquires their communicative skills. Task-based learning allows students to develop language, problem-solve, problem-solve, and communicate through goal-oriented activities.

The first step for task-based learning methods is to prepare practical exercises. These activities include targeted and practical tasks for students, forcing them to use the language in a practical way and developing their communication skills. For example, students can learn the language in a practical way by role-playing about ordering in a restaurant, asking and answering questions, solving problems or communicating on the same topic.

The next step is to complete the task with the students and evaluate the results. This process gives students the opportunity to use the language in a practical way by doing practical activities, solving problems and communicating. Students develop their communication skills and reinforce their language learning through problem solving and active communication. This process provides students with an engaged and active learning experience and prepares them for practical use of the language.

An important next step for task-based learning methods is to create student interaction and work units. These units allow students to work with each other, exchange ideas and solve problems. By actively participating in the units, communicating and sharing ideas, students can practice the language and express themselves. Through the units, students develop their communication skills, strengthen communication experience and prepare the language for practical use.

Task-based learning methods give students the opportunity to learn the language and develop its practice through practical activities. This method enables students to actively use the language and develops their communicative skills. Task-based learning allows students to develop language, problem-solve, problem-solve, and communicate through goal-oriented activities.

Language exchange.

Language exchange is when two or more people communicate with each other to learn their language. This method can be very effective for people who want to learn something because they can learn another language by teaching their language to other people.

The main purpose of language exchange is to help each other learn the language and provide the opportunity to communicate in the other person's language. This method makes the learning process more interesting and effective, because you can transfer your thoughts and experiences to other people and communicate in their language.

The most important thing for language exchange is to find a willing partner. This partner will be someone who wants to learn the same language as you and is willing to teach you their language. You can learn the language by communicating with your partner, asking each other questions and communicating.

An important step in language exchange is to create practice sessions. You and your partner should communicate on different topics, ask questions and solve problems together. Through these practical activities, you will have the opportunity to practice your language and learn new words and expressions.

Patience and independent work are very important in the language exchange process. You need to be patient and prepared when speaking another person's language, because it takes time and patience to learn and become rich in a new language.

Another benefit of language exchange is the opportunity to interact with people living in other countries and learn their culture and language. It broadens your horizons and gives you the opportunity to meet new friends and experiences.

So, language exchange is an effective and interesting way to learn a new language. This way you can develop your language skills, teach other people and expand your worldview.

Multimedia resources.

Multimedia resources are an important tool in today's world that makes the teaching and learning process more convenient and effective. These resources combine text, images, audio, and video elements into one series to help learners learn about a variety of topics.

The benefit of multimedia resources is to make teaching in various fields more interesting and the teaching of information more effective. By using text, image, audio and video elements together, learners will have more information in the learning process and make the learning process more interesting.

Multimedia resources allow each learner to access information tailored to their learning styles. For example, audio and video lessons are ideal for the listener, and teaching with interactive models and animations combined with text and images is effective.

There are several types of multimedia resources:

1. Audio Lessons: These lessons are ideal for the listener and help you get the information without reading the text. For example, audio lessons are useful for listening to a language.

2. Video lessons: Video lessons help you learn by seeing what you see. These resources are effective in learning a variety of topics.

3. Interactive Models: These models help learners to explain various concepts and enable them to do hands-on activities.

4. Animations: Animations help you understand what you see and make different topics more interesting.

5. Images and infographics: Images and infographics visually explain information and make various topics more understandable to learners.

The benefits of multimedia resources can help learners access information in a variety of ways and make the learning process more engaging. These resources are effective in learning a variety of topics and allow learners to interpret information in a variety of ways.

In addition, multimedia resources can be used for free or for a fee via the Internet. Students can learn different topics more clearly and interestingly by using various multimedia resources through the Internet.

That is, multimedia resources are an effective and interesting method, a tool that helps in learning various topics. These resources help learners to acquire information in different ways and make the learning process more interesting.

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